

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID:	MIRA 722C		
Product Name:	MIRAVAR CV CLEAR - SATIN		
Revision Date:	Jan 11, 2019	Date Printed:	Jan 11, 2019
Version:	3.0	Supersedes Date:	Dec 28, 2016
Manufacturer's Name:	Mira		
Address:	473 West 17th Street, Holland, MI 49423	3	
Emergency Phone:	800-535-5053		
Information Phone Number	:616-396-1275		
Fax:	616-396-9654		

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2 Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 3 Acute toxicity Inhalation - Category 3 Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4 Aspiration Hazard - Category 1 Carcinogenicity - Category 1B Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2 Eye Irritation - Category 2A Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1

# Pictograms



Danger

# Hazardous Statements - Physical

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

### Hazardous Statements - Health

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H350 May cause cancer
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H360 May damage fertility or an unborn child
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H370 Causes damage to organs

### Hazardous Statements - Environmental

- H401 Toxic to aquatic life
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P321 For specific treatment see section 4.
- P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P311 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P330 Rinse mouth.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

P314 - Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P308 + P311 - IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### Precautionary Statements - Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235 - Keep cool.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

### Acute toxicity of 33.9% of the mixture is unknown

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0068410-97-9	LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	8% - 19%
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	7% - 16%
0000064-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL	6% - 13%
0000067-56-1	METHANOL	5% - 13%
0000108-88-3	TOLUENE	4% - 10%
0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	3% - 6%
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	1.6% - 4%
0000108-65-6	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	0.2% - 4%
0127519-17-9	BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID, 3(2H-BENZOTRIAZOL-2-YL)-5(1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL)-4-HYDROXY-	0.1% - 1.0%
0000085-68-7	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	0.1% - 0.9%
0000141-78-6	ETHYL ACETATE	0.0% - 0.5%
0000071-36-3	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	0.0% - 0.4%
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	0.0% - 0.2%
0064742-89-8	ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	0.0% - 0.2%
0000067-63-0	ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Trace
0000050-00-0	FORMALDEHYDE	Trace
0000084-74-2	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If exposed or unwell : Call a POISON CENTER/doctor

#### Skin Contact

Take off immediately contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard.

### **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell or are concerned : Get medical advice/attention.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

No data available.

### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Vapor accumulations and spray mist may flash or explode if ignited.

Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to extreme heat.

Dried solids can burn.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

- Do not touch or walk through spilled material.
- Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

### Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb spill with inert absorbent.

Dike area to contain spill.

# SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

#### Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Ground and bond containers and receiving equipment. Avoid static electricity by grounding.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

#### Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

#### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

A suitable, NIOSH-approved respirator and goggles should be worn when standing or grinding objects coated with this paint.

	Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA STEL	OSHA Tables	OSHA	OSHA Skin	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH
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	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(Z1, Z2, Z3)	Carcinog en	designati on	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	(ppm)	(mg/m3)	Carcinog en
ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	500	2000			1			(L)[N159] (L)[N800]	[(L) [N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (l) [N159]5 (l) [N800]];			[A2 [N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];
BUTYL ACETATE	150	710			1			50		150		
DIBUTYL PHTHALATE		5			1				5			
ETHYL ACETATE	400	1400			1			400				
ETHYL ALCOHOL	1000	1900			1					1000		A3
ETHYLBENZENE	100	435			1			20				A3
FORMALDEHYDE	0.75 (a)		2 / 15minute s		1,2	1		0.1		0.3		A1
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	400	980			1			200		400		A4
LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	500	2000			1							
METHANOL	200	260			1			200		250		
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	100	300			1			20				
STODDARD SOLVENT	500	2900			1			100	[(L)]; [5 (l)];			[A2]; [A4];
TOLUENE	200 (a)/ 300 ceiling	0.2	500ppm /10 minutes (a)		1,2			20				A4
XYLENE	100	435			1			100		150		A4

Chemical Name	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis
ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	[A2 [N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159]U RT irr [N800]
BUTYL ACETATE		Eye & URT irr
DIBUTYL PHTHALATE		Testicula r dam; eye & URT irr
ETHYL ACETATE		URT & eye irr
ETHYL ALCOHOL	A3	URT irr
ETHYLBENZENE	A3; BEI	URT irr;Kidney dam (nephrop athy); Cochlear impair

FORMALDEHYDE	DSEN; RSEN; A1	URT & eye irr; URT cancer
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	A4; BEI	Eye & URT irr; CNS impair
LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA		
METHANOL	Skin; BEI	Headach e; eye dam; dizziness ; nausea
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL		Eye & URT irr
STODDARD SOLVENT	[A2]; [A4];	Eye, skin, & kidney dam; nausea; CNS impair
TOLUENE	A4; BEI	Visual impair; female repro; pregnanc y loss
XYLENE	A4; BEI	URT & eye irr; CNS imapir

(C) - Ceiling limit, A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, DSEN - Dermal sensitization, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, repro - reproductive, RSEN - Respiratory sensitization, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant OSHA TWA (ppm), OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) regulatory values, if they are present at less than 25%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	7.73315 lb/gal
% Solids By Weight	38.97450%
% VOC	60.04960%
Density VOC	4.64373 lb/gal
VOC Regulatory	4.69011 lb/gal
VOC Regulatory	562.01600 g/l
Appearance	N/A
Odor Threshold	N/A
Odor Description	N/A
рН	N/A

Water Solubility	N/A
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A
Freezing Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Low Boiling Point	N/A
High Boiling Point	N/A
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A
Decomposition Pt	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A

# SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# Stability

Stable.

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Excessive heat.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

No data available.

### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizers.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

May produce fumes when heated to decomposition.

Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

# SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Likely route of exposure

Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin absorption

# **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

No Data Available

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

May cause genetic defects.

# Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

May damage fertility or an unborn child

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Causes damage to organs

### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

### **Acute Toxicity**

Toxic in contact with skin

Toxic if inhaled

Harmful if swallowed

#### 0000050-00-0 FORMALDEHYDE

LC50 (rat): 8000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (24)

LD50 (oral, male rat): 2500 mg/kg (25) LD50 (oral, rat): 2920 mg/kg (26) LD50 (dermal, guinea pig): greater than 15000 mg/kg (cited as greater than 0.94 mL/kg) (27)

LD50 (dermal, rat): 5070 mg/kg (28, unconfirmed)

0000064-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (mouse): Approximately 21000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 39 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, rat): 7060 mg/kg (41); 10600 mg/kg (41); 13660 mg/kg (37) LD50 (oral, mouse): 3450 mg/kg (1, unconfirmed) LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 5560 mg/kg (37)

0000067-56-1 METHANOL

LC50 (rat): 64000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (14, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5628 mg/kg (14, unconfirmed)

LD50 (oral, 14-day old rat): 5850 mg/kg (cited as 7.4 mL/kg) (15)

LD50 (oral, young adult rat): 10280 mg/kg (cited as 13.0 mL/kg) (15)

LD50 (oral, monkey): 3000 mg/kg (1/1 animal died) (16) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 15800 mg/kg (cited as 20 mL/kg) (17 citing unpublished information)

0000067-63-0 ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (rat): 17000 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 12000 ppm (8-hour exposure) (18)

LD50 (oral, male rat): 4710 mg/kg (cited as 6.0 mL/kg) (19) LD50 (oral, mouse): 3600 mg/kg (20, unconfirmed) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12870 mg/kg (cited as 16.4 mL/kg) (14)

0000071-36-3 N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (rat): greater than 8000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (14)

LD50 (oral, rat): 2510 mg/kg (15) LD50 (oral, male rat): 790 mg/kg (16)\* LD50 (oral, female rat): 2020 mg/kg (16)\* \*(Note: the rats used in this study appear to have been very young (60-100 grams).) LD50 (oral, hamster): 1200 mg/kg (11, original 0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hour exposure (3) LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10)

LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11)

0000108-88-3 TOLUENE

LC50 (rat): 8800 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2) LC50 (rat): 6000 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3)

LD50 (oral, rat): 2600 to 7500 mg/kg (3,5,11,17) LD50 (oral, neonatal rat): less than 870 mg/kg (3) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12,225 mg/kg (reported as 14.1 ml/kg) (1) 0000123-86-4 BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 1802 mg/m3; 4-hour exposure (aerosol)(9) Note: A lower LC50 (aerosol) value of 760 mg/m3 (160 ppm); 4-hour exposure has been reported.(11,27) Extensive research has failed to confirm this value.

LD50 (oral, rat): 10770 mg/kg (12, unconfirmed) LD50 (oral, mouse): 7100 mg/kg (5) LD50 (oral, rabbit): 7400 mg/kg (cited as 64 millimols/kg) (13) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 5000 mg/kg (3, unconfirmed)

0000141-78-6 ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 (rat): 19600 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 16000 ppm (6-hour exposure) (10) LC50 (mouse): 10600 ppm (38100 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure); cited as 44000 mg/m3 (3-hour exposure) (8)

LD50 (oral, rat): 10200 mg/kg (cited as 11.3 mL/kg) (7); 5600 mg/kg (5,13) LD50 (oral, mouse): 4100 mg/kg (11)

LD50 (oral, rabbit): 4900 mg/kg (9)

LD50 (oral, guinea pig): 5500 mg/kg (11)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): Greater than 18000 mg/kg (cited as 20 mL/kg) (7)

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hour exposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1)LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1)

LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene)(2)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5400 mg/kg (52% m-, 19% o-, 24% p-) (1)LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0%

ethylbenzene) (4) LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

#### 0008052-41-3 STODDARD SOLVENT

LC50 (rat): greater than 5500 mg/m3 (880 ppm) (whole body exposure for 4 hours) (1)

LC50 (rat): greater than 8200 mg/m3 (1300 ppm) (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5 g/kg (1)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 3 g/kg (1)

0000084-74-2 DIBUTYL PHTHALATE

LC50 (mouse): 17680 mg/m3 (4-hour exposure); cited as 25000 mg/m3 (2-hour exposure) (12)

LD50 (oral, rat): 8000 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 4840 mg/kg (10, unconfirmed)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Bio-accumulative Potential

No data available.

### Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

# Mobility in Soil

No data available.

### Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### Other adverse effects

No data available.

### Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **U.S. DOT Information**

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

### **IMDG** Information

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II Marine Pollutant : No data available

### **IATA Information**

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA Inventory: All components of this product are in compliance with U.S. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Requirements. Canada Domestic Substances List: All components of this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0068410-97-9	LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	8% - 19%	DSL,SARA312
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	7% - 16%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000064-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL	6% - 13%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000067-56-1	METHANOL	5% - 13%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000108-88-3	TOLUENE	4% - 10%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000123-86-4	BUTYL ACETATE	3% - 6%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	1.6% - 4%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,CA_Carcinogen,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000108-65-6	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	0.2% - 4%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0127519-17-9	BENZENEPROPANOI C ACID, 3(2H-	0.1% - 1.0%	DSL,SARA312

	BENZOTRIAZOL-2- YL)-5(1,1- DIMETHYLETHYL)-4- HYDROXY-		
0000085-68-7	BUTYL BENZYL PHTHALATE	0.1% - 0.9%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000141-78-6	ETHYL ACETATE	0.0% - 0.5%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000071-36-3	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	0.0% - 0.4%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	0.0% - 0.2%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0064742-89-8	ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	0.0% - 0.2%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000067-63-0	ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000050-00-0	FORMALDEHYDE	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,CA_TAC_Carcinogen,CA_Carcinogen,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000084-74-2	DIBUTYL PHTHALATE	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant DSL, SARA312 regulatory values, if they are present at less than 25%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

### General

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ-Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA-Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

# HMIS

Health	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	3
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	X

### (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

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